

SATURDAY, AUGUST 2, 1902.

Los Angeles Daily Times.

3

the reports received by the commandant of the encampment that Gen. Smith's standing among the members of the society has been injured by his recent court-martial.

SUB-TREASURY GOLD.

YORK, Aug. 1.—Payments by the U.S. Mint to the amount of gold bullion sent from San Francisco to Seattle and Portland, Oregon, in the amount of \$1,317,735; arising in the corresponding period.



SPORTS

Santa Barbara
BY THE SEA.

The Arlington Hotel
has modern improvements. The hotel and its grounds are now open to the public.

Special May Climate Allows Bathing Every Day.

H. P. DUNN, Prop.
80 South Spring St.

Arcadia,

Santa Monica-by-the-Sea,
the bathing beach connected with Santa Barbara and east on the coast. Expert swimmers and bathers in attendance.

Redondo,

Redondo Beach,
a society resort of Southern California.

Information, address

A. D. WRIGHT,
Proprietor.

Del Mar

Long Beach, Cal.
Under New Management.

Only Hotel on the
Ocean Front.

Information, call at 144 South Broadway.

O. BARTOW, Mgr.
Phone Main 111.

HOE TAVERN

Lake Tahoe.

Not older than the best.

Our motto is "The Best."

Our specialties are west of the mountains: trout and salmon. Fishing, shooting, tennis, billiards, etc.

For details, write to HOE TAVERN, CITY, Cal.

Island Villa,

a Catalina Island.

Hundred Copy Canvas Cottages.

Conveniently furnished, without large porches and verandas connecting. All rooms have private baths, etc.

Accommodations, \$1.00 per person, \$1.50 per day, \$10.00 per week.

For details, write to HILLTOP TAVERN, CITY, Cal.

RINCON

Information, call at 144 South Broadway.

STEWART & GRIERSON, Mfrs.

Cal. Telephone 2000. Main 51.

Fishing and Camping

Information, call at 144 South Broadway.

SAINTS, Aug. 1.—The

newly-constructed family and tourist hotel.

CHIEF TALKS TO MINERS.

Fate of Organization Depends on Strike.

They Pledge Themselves to Fight to Finish.

Injunction Against Mitchell—Stone's Order Placing Troops on Duty.

BY THE NEW ASSOCIATED PRESS—A.M.

SCRANTON (Pa.) Aug. 1.—The first of the strikers' mass meetings planned to take place at the various strike centers was held, today, in the Round Woods. Seven thousand strikers were present in all parts of the city, and the adjoining towns, some locals having marched hours to the meeting, headed by a band or drum corps, and carrying flags and banners.

President John Mitchell and several of the district officials attended.

The crowd enthusiastically cheered all the speakers, and fairly went wild over Mitchell. When he was introduced to speak some one shouted "Hats off," and although the sun's rays beamed down so intensely that many were cast from the crowd exhausted even men in the shade, blazed bared his head, and remained uncovered until his speech was concluded.

The crowd surged about the platform and shook his hands until Mitchell was almost exhausted.

Mitchell's speech was brief, and dealt only with the live issues of the fight.

"This is probably the last time I ever will talk to you. I want you to listen to me. I want to impress upon you the importance of winning the strike. If you win, as you surely will, there will be no more strikes. There will be a basis of adjustment arrived at which will satisfy both sides. You lose the strike the operators will make up for their strike losses by reducing your wages. And if you lose the strike you lose your organization. I trust and hope the commanding officers you will stand as you did in 1900." Chairman of the strike had begun Chairing all who favored a fight to the finish to raise their hands. Every hand went up.

MITCHELL ENJOINED.

BY THE NEW ASSOCIATED PRESS—A.M.

CHARLESTON (W. Va.) Aug. 1.—John Mitchell, president of the United Mine Workers has been enjoined. A federal court here, the Chesapeake and Ohio Coal Company, a New Jersey corporation which has its principal offices in the City of New York, in which Mr. John Mitchell, J. W. Clegg, L. A. Richards and about one hundred and fifty members of the United Mine Workers of America are made defendants.

A bill was presented to Judge Keller and he made an order that a temporary restraining order is allowed, restraining the company from the defendant, G. W. Furtach, W. B. Williams, John Mitchell, J. W. Clegg, L. A. Richards and others (all of whom are named in the order) and all others associated with them in any way interfering with the management, operation and conducting of the mines by the owners or those operating them, either by means of threats, or any other intimidation used to prevent the employes of the mines from going to or from the mines and coke plants from engaging in the business of mining coal or laboring upon the coke plants.

STONE'S ORDER TO TROOPS.

BY THE NEW ASSOCIATED PRESS—A.M.

HARRISBURG (Pa.) Aug. 1.—Gov. Stone's general order placing troops on duty at Shenandoah was made public today. It is as follows:

"Civil assemblies of persons have congregated in some sections of the Commonwealth, and by acts of violence and disregard of life and placed life and property in jeopardy. The civil authorities are unable to preserve the public peace, protect life and property and maintain law and order throughout their rights and privileges under the Constitution and laws. Lawlessness, disorder and conduct tending to disturb the public peace and safety of life and property, and to enforce such portions of the National Guard as may be necessary to enforce the law, will be placed under the command of the civil authorities in preserving and maintaining peace and order."

The Sheriff of Schuylkill county, having advised the Governor of his inability to protect life and property, and the Governor being satisfied upon investigation that tumult, riot and mob violence does exist in the major-general commandant of the Pennsylvania National Guard of Pennsylvania, will place on duty such portions of the division as in his judgment may be necessary to properly assist the Sheriff of Schuylkill county in preserving and maintaining law and order.

The major-general commanding the division will report fully to headquarters.

"By order of William Stone, Governor and commander-in-chief.
[Signed] THOMAS STUART, Adjutant-General.

ANSWERS THE ALLIANCE.

BY THE NEW ASSOCIATED PRESS—A.M.

WILKES-BARRE (Pa.) Aug. 1.—President Mitchell of the Miners' Union today replied to the open letter addressed to him by the Clinton Alliance, an organization made up of business and professional men and others. Mitchell recently criticized the alliance because, he asserted, it failed to prosecute all miners who violated the law, and, moreover, it failed to denounce any violations of the law committed every day by the coal combine.

The alliance replied in an open letter in which they enumerated many outrages, and to show that it was committed by workers and others in the coal region since the strike began. Mitchell's answer said:

"Permit me to say that I don't recognize your right to make demands upon me to do what I desire myself, opposed to any special class of lawlessness. As a citizen of the United States and the chief executive of the miners' organization, and in numerous occasions, and in language not susceptible of misconstruction, that I am opposed to lawlessness in every character, and I do not propose to let my views conform to the tenets of the Clinton Alliance. I am a wick at capital crimes while investigating against minor offenses. I have never in my life sought to condone an unlawful act, and have the same sense of my personality and influence on the side of law and order, and I can say without egotism that the miners'

union and its officers have done more for the conservation of law than all the citizens' alliances that have been or could be formed by men like yourselves, whose sympathy with the poor and oppressed is like unto the friendship and attachment for Caesar."

"I did not attempt to say that there have not been some transgressions of law by members of the miners' union, but I do say, and defy you to successfully prove, that there is less lawlessness on the part of the miners, and that which has occurred has been less serious, in proportion to their numbers than on the part of the miners and coal and iron police, who are charged with authority, and are specifically commissioned to preserve the law and against whom you have no redress, and your association takes no action whatever. And, further, the records in the police courts will demonstrate that a smaller number of miners have been convicted of felonies than of the miners in towns during the progress of the strike than for a like period preceding it."

"Again, I have no hesitancy in saying that never was such great upheaval, change and political trouble as there was when there was as little lawlessness as has existed in the anthracite region since the strike was inaugurated. As I said in my speech at Nanticoke, to which you referred, the miners are as law-abiding as patriotic, as liberty-loving as any other class of citizens in our country, and I shall not permit you to malign them, or defame them, or abuse them, or injure them, either by direct charge or innuendo. The finishers ask that their work be reduced to correspond with the nine-hour day.

CUTTING DOWN EXPENSE.

BY THE NEW ASSOCIATED PRESS—A.M.

PHILADELPHIA, Aug. 1.—No men have been sent to the anthracite coal regions from this city to act as mine guards for more than two weeks past. The reason is that the coal operators found the expense too heavy, and that, moreover, they came to the conclusion that the large force which had been engaged in this city, New Castle, and Wilkes-Barre, was not required. It was therefore determined to drop at least 50 per cent. of the total number engaged, estimated to be 5,000, and after that reduction occurred, all the places with men who could be secured for the work at lower wages.

All of those who were hired in Philadelphia received \$25 per day. About 1,000 were then considered surplus, and it is believed that 300 to 400 have returned home. Their places were filled with men who could be got in the country, it is said, for \$2 a day.

Hired Bands of Thugs To Main Workmen.

ELEVEN OFFICIALS AND MEMBERS OF UNION INDICTED.

Had a Regular Scale of Prices Paid Men Who Injured Non-Unionists, the Sum Increasing With Seriousness of Injury Inflicted on Victim.

BY DIRECT WIRE TO THE TIMES.

CHICAGO, Aug. 1.—"Flying Squadrions" and "Wrecking Crews" were regularly used to designate the committees appointed by the striking brass molders to assault non-union employees of the Western Electric and Stromberg-Carlson companies, according to evidence tendered to the Grand Jury today. Eleven men implicated in the plot, directed by the Longshoremen's Union, were indicted.

The company has been and is willing to treat with the union at all times or to arbitrate differences.

PRESS FEEDERS Demand Raise.

BY THE NEW ASSOCIATED PRESS—A.M.

NEW YORK, Aug. 1.—At a meeting of the executive board of the Frankin Association of Pressmen, a resolution has been adopted recommending the ordering of a general strike of 1,000 pressmen for an advance of \$12 to \$14 a week. A general meeting of the 18,000 members of the association will be called to take action upon the recommendation.

FLASHES FROM THE WIRES.

BY THE NEW ASSOCIATED PRESS—A.M.

THE WESTMINSTER CITY COUNCIL has decided the Canadian Arch must be removed immediately after the coronation.

The Santa Fe has given an order for fifty of their monster locomotives running between Chicago and Albuquerque to be equipped at once with electric headlights.

John Diamond, a telegrapher, received a cable dispatch from Milwaukee, Wis., this morning, announcing \$25,000 as the first installment of aid to the home-

ward cause in South Africa.

Charles Kearny, a deaf mute who has been a member of the "coronation" committee at Decatur, Ill., yesterday, told the latter's story, where Kearny was called the union set aside a certain sum of money to constitute an emergency fund. A committee was appointed to disburse the money to the properly-delegated "sluggers."

The scale of prices paid the men em-

ployed to "slug" non-union men was revealed to the inquisitorial body, and entire secret system of this method of warfare exposed. The most valuable evidence came from a former secretary of the corporation. According to the latter's story, where Kearny was called the union set aside a certain sum of money to constitute an emergency fund. A committee was appointed to disburse the money to the properly-delegated "sluggers."

The scale of prices varied. For a plain "slugging" match, \$3 is the price exacted with having been paid. If bones are broken, the "coronation" is paid according to the extent of the injury as affecting the ability of the victim to perform his daily duties.

It was testified that \$75 was paid out in one instance, so complete was the service rendered by the "wrecking crew."

The "flying squadrons" was so called because its members would attack the object of their enmity in some public place. The "wrecking crews" went out in search of their man and followed him home from his work. In some secluded spot they would surround him and beat and maim to their satisfaction. The chance of their being detected would, as a rule, be exceedingly small.

BOILER MAKERS STRIKE.

BY THE NEW ASSOCIATED PRESS—A.M.

CHICAGO, Aug. 1.—Boiler makers and shipbuilders and their helpers to the number of 1,500 men, employed in the contract and job shops in this city, struck today, because the Master Boiler Makers' Association refused to concede demands made upon them.

The principal demand is an increase in the wage scale of the boiler makers from 30 cents an hour to 35 cents for inside work, and from 25 cents to 30 cents for outside work.

Other demands are: Recognition of the union; a nine-hour day inside, and eight hours a day outside, double time for holiday work, and time and a half for overtime.

The boiler makers and helpers declared they are prepared to continue the strike indefinitely. The Master Boiler Makers' Association has offered to concede an advance of 7 per cent., but its officers say it is impossible to grant, and the demands of the union, after two years of the strike, will be up all work in the branches affected.

THREE SHOPS SIGN SCALE.

BY THE NEW ASSOCIATED PRESS—A.M.

CHICAGO, Aug. 1.—Important victories were won by the men during the day, three of the largest shops in the city, working under the union scale, 225 men will return to work tomorrow morning. The firms that agreed to the demands were the Allix-Chalmers Company, the Halleidow-Dunn Company, and the Almond and Tank Company. Coming on the first day of the strike the acquiescence of these firms to the union's demands is hailed by the strikers as an indication that the many violations of the law committed every day by the coal combine, the alliance replied in an open letter in which they enumerated many outrages, and to show that it was committed by workers and others in the coal region since the strike began. Mitchell's answer said:

"Permit me to say that I don't recog-

nize your right to make demands upon me to do what I desire myself, opposed to any special class of lawlessness.

As a citizen of the United States and the chief executive of the miners' organization, and in numerous occasions, and in language not susceptible of misconstruction, that I am opposed to lawlessness in every character, and I do not propose to let my views conform to the tenets of the Clinton Alliance. I am a wick at capital crimes while investigating against minor offenses. I have never in my life sought to condone an unlawful act, and have the same sense of my personality and influence on the side of law and order, and I can say without egotism that the miners'

union and its officers have done more for the conservation of law than all the citizens' alliances that have been or could be formed by men like yourselves, whose sympathy with the poor and oppressed is like unto the friend-

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and are specifically commissioned to preserve the law and against whom you have no redress, and your association takes no action whatever.

And, further, the records in the police courts will demonstrate that a smaller number of miners have been convicted of felonies than of the miners in towns during the progress of the strike than for a like period preceding it.

FRANK TANNERY CLOSED.

BY THE NEW ASSOCIATED PRESS—A.M.

REDWOOD CITY, Calif.—The Frank tannery at this place, one of the largest institutions of its kind in the State, is closed, all of its employees, numbering 180, having walked out yesterday morning.

The strike was caused by a disagree-

ment between the tannery and employees,

over wages and hours, the latter having demanded that nine hours constitute a day's work, and that the pay in

the month of June last year, the average weekly shipments declining from \$40 cars to 470 cars.

For the month of June of last year, 1,165 cars were shipped, whereas for the month of June this year, shipments are reported to have been 650 cars, a reduction of 45 per cent. for that month.

The Treasury Department makes no explanation of these figures, nor does it tell from what source they were gathered.

NATHAN GEFF.

BY THE NEW ASSOCIATED PRESS—A.M.

PARKERSBURG, W. Va.—Nathan Geff, of the Circuit Court, this afternoon issued a writ of habeas corpus for Tom Jackson, a miner, who was sentenced to jail at Parkersburg by Judge Jackson for violation of the injunction issued by him. Judge Geff ordered the marshal to pro-

secute Haggerty and other prisoners here for appearance next Tuesday.

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CONTINUED FROM FIRST PAGE.

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GEORGE ELIOT.

Where Famous Novelist Found His Pseudonym, or Else a Remarkable Co-incidence.

London Sphere:] Mr. Cross informs that the name, "George Eliot," was assumed because Lewes's name was George and Eliot was "a good mouthy, easily pronounced word." Mr. Cross asks this without question. Is it the fact? Did George Eliot's name itself suggest the writer or she some reason for concealing himself? In any case in 1854, three years after "The Scenes of Clerical Life" was published, there was drawn at St. Paul's, in India, British officer by George Donnithorne, Esq., who, we are told, "Notes and Queries" of 1852, prints left Warwickshire for India, where Eliot was some 17 years of age, and once returned to England and became a member of Parliament in 1851.

He said he was drowned at Nais in July, 1854. When we remember Arthur Donnithorne was one of the principal characters in "Adam Bede," it is possible that George Donnithorne, Eliot had given Evans the name of one of his characters and also her own pseudonym? Of course, it may be all a coincidence, but I find the easier to believe whenever there are such amazing coincidences as this.

There are any number of other miscellaneous facts about George Eliot, for example the following letter hitherto, I believe, unpublished, and "Mary Ann" and not "Marian" name she gave the woman to whom she was more prosperous days.

"My dear Fatty, read any of Carlyle's works? He is a grand prince, and a wise venturer; a man of great tact and judgment in his sphere. His soul is a shrine of the bright and purest philanthropy kindled by love of God and of man, and of gratitude and devotion to the author of all things. I should like that he is not orthodox."

Thoughtful Man.

"suppose," said Mr. Olds, "it would be to start smoking again, it would be the children's bad example." "I would, indeed," replied his wife very thoughtful and unselfish of him.

So, I've decided to send the same right off to boarding school, where they won't see me." [Philadelphia Press.]

The Locust-eater.

It came to pass that locusts ate a great deal in back country.

said the man who had or

a pie in a hotel. "These locusts are you sure they're young?"

"Yes, sir," responded the waiter,

guaranteed none of them to be seventeen years old." [Chicago Press.]

BYAN AND DAUGHTER.

NEW YORK, Aug. 1.—William J. S., accompanied by his daughter, arrived here today from New York and departed later for Burlingame, Calif. Tomorrow he will go to San Jose, Calif., Md., where he will deliver a speech.

PERU'S CABINET TO RESIGN.

(MA) (Peru) Aug. 1.—The determination of the present Cabinet to resign was announced today. The Cabinet was formed September 10, 1901.

COKE DANDRUFF CURE

arrests falling hair. Coke Dandruff, Brittle Hair, Itching and all scalp troubles. Fully guaranteed to cure or your money back.

"Coke Dandruff Cure is quick, effective, harmless."

"National Home Wm."

Judges of awards at Paris Exposition acknowledge Coke Dandruff as the only genuine remedy that can't compete.

Demand Coke.

R. BREMER CO., Chicago.

Leave Your Head with

Coke Shampoo & Toilet Soap

SALE AT DEAN'S DRUG STORE

EELIABLE PIANOS ONLY

Geo. J. Birkel Co.

Stetson Dealers

428-247 South Spring Street

and San Diego.

You're a piece of Jewelry or a Watch that needs fixing we'll do the best work for you at the least cost.

A. Abrams

103 Spring.

Best Soda

Served in town is served at the Sun Stores

W. H. PERRY

EMBER MFG. CO.

103 Spring Street

LOS ANGELES

103 Spring Street

THE TIMES-MIRROR COMPANY.

H. G. OTIS.....President and General Manager.
HARRY CHANDLER.....Vice-President and Assistant General Manager.
MARIAN OTIS-CHANDLER.....Secretary.
ALBERT MCFLAND.....Treasurer.
PUBLISHERS OF

The Los Angeles Times

Daily, Weekly, Sunday, and Weekly Magazine. EVERY MORNING IN THE YEAR. Founded Dec. 4, 1881. Twenty-first Year.
NEWS SERVICE.—Full reports of the news Associated Press covering the globe; from 13,500 to 15,000 words daily over more than 2000 miles of land and sea.
TERMS.—Daily and Sunday, including Magazine Section, 75 cents a month, or \$2.00 a year.
DAILY.—Daily without Sunday, \$2.50 a year; Sunday, \$2.50; Magazine, \$2.50, Weekly, \$1.50.
SWORN CIRCULATION.—Daily net average for 1901, 15,000; for 1902, 19,500; for 1903, 20,000.
1904, 21,000; for 1905, 22,000; for 1906, 23,000.
SUNDAY AVERAGE FOR 1901, 22,500.
TELEPHONES.—Courting Room and Subscription Department, First Floor, Press 1; City Editor and local news room, Press 2.
AGENTS.—Eastern Agents, Williams & Lawrence, No. 21-22 Tribune Building, New York; 21 Washington street, Chicago; Washington Bureau, 46 Post Building, where the latest copies of The Times may be consulted.

Offices: Times Building First and Broadway

Entered at the Los Angeles Post Office for transmission as mail matter of the second class.

HOW THE TIMES TREATS LABOR.

THE LOS ANGELES TIMES regularly pays to its skilled, reliable and acceptable workmen wages that average from \$2.75 to \$4.50 per day for time work, and from \$4 to \$5 per day for piece work. These rates are higher than are paid by any competing newspaper; and another advance has recently been agreed upon. The Times pays larger sums weekly, monthly and yearly for labor than any journal in all the Southwest. Its cash disbursements on this account between August, 1890, and the end of September, 1901, aggregated \$1,000,000.00, and its annual expenditures for labor of all classes, both skilled and unskilled, now average more than \$75,000 per year. There never has been any attempt, in any quarter, to deny these specific and telling facts, and the proprietors challenge such denial if made. Not for years has The Times had any trouble with its workmen, who are independent of unions, loyal to their employers and to themselves, well satisfied and prosperous. The Times controls its own business in its own way, subject only to the laws of the land; and no interference with that control can be lawfully or justly made. The result of its fixed policy has proven highly beneficial to all concerned, and the justness and correctness of its course have for years past received public approval in most marked and conspicuous ways, the circulation and advertising patronage of the paper steadily and largely outrunning that of all local rivals.

H. G. OTIS, President and General Manager.

Since no attempt whatever has ever been made in any quarter to refute, or even dispute, the accuracy of the foregoing authoritative statements, our declared malcontents are estopped; and the public is amply warranted in giving no credence to contemporary hostile assaults upon The Times management in the matter of its relations to its workmen, or vice versa. Falsehood must yield to truth.

CIRCULATION.

The average net daily circulation (Sundays included) of THE TIMES for the six months from January 1, 1902, to June 30, 1902, inclusive, was 30,524 copies.

The average circulation of the SUNDAY TIMES (including the Magazine) for every Sunday during the year ended June 30, 1902, was 43,846 copies.

The average daily circulation by years since 1895, together with the increase from time to time, is shown above under the sub-head of "Circulation."

PRICES OF THE FIESTA-BIEN-
NIAL NUMBER.

1 copy	\$.10
2 copies25
6 copies50
12 copies	1.00

The postage on this number when mailed by individuals to addresses in the United States, Mexico or Canada will be 4 cents per copy.

BUSINESS.

The exchange of the local clearing-house yesterday amounted to \$543,477, as against \$565,142 for the corresponding date of last year.

Business on the Chicago Board of Trade was best in corn yesterday. The feature of yesterday's stock market was the marked subsidence of activity in most lines which had shown progress during the week.

CAPITAL AND LABOR—AND MR.
GOMPERS.

THE CONDITIONS NECESSARY FOR SUCCESFUL ENTERPRISE.

In a previous article The Times has touched in a general way upon some of the conditions essential to the successful conduct of business enterprises of any magnitude. The subject is so important as to warrant going more into detail, for it is too often regarded superficially and without due regard for numerous considerations that are of vital consequence.

We have spoken of the necessity for industrial peace, if the highest possible results are to be attained through legitimate enterprise and industry. Industrial peace is necessary because through it, and through it alone, can the conditions be attained which are so essential to the successful prosecution of business, to the benefit of all persons concerned, and of the community at large. If these conditions were possible of attainment at a state of industrial warfare and unrest, industrial peace would not be, as it is, an essential. But the one state of affairs is indispensable to the other, and they must of necessity go hand in hand.

Men who invest large capital in productive enterprises are not, as Mr. Gompers and many of his associates seem to imagine, public enemies, nor enemies to the special class or clan of workingmen whom Mr. Gompers represents—and who, it must not for a moment be forgotten, comprise but a comparatively small proportion of the total number of workingmen in the country. The interests of employers and employees are not naturally antagonistic, but are, on the contrary, naturally mutual and interwoven. Such antagonisms as exist between "capital and labor" (as the phrase goes) are for the most part artificial and unnatural. They have been aroused and aggravated, as the truth must be spoken—and it is here spoken dispassionately—by men like

Besides these expenditures must be taken into account the cost of new machinery, which is often heavy by reason of new inventions and improved appliances, which become necessary in order to meet competition. A liberal allowance must also be made for deterioration of plant, due to wear and tear, which in many industries will average more than 10 per cent of the total cost of the plant. After all these heavy items of expense have been provided for, the question of profits must be taken into consideration. This is a factor of more or less uncertainty, owing to fluctuations of supply and demand, uncertain markets, variable prices of product and of raw materials, severe competition, and possible strikes and boycotts. This latter possibility, which is an ever-present and serious factor of industrial production, adds an inestimable element of uncertainty and hazard to all extensive industrial operations, and renders it absolutely necessary, in counting the cost of production, to make a most liberal estimate for possible losses on this ground.

It will thus be seen that, in order to do anything like a safe business, large profits must be provided for under the existing conditions of unrest and forced artificial antagonism between employer and employee. These profits, under extremely favorable conditions, are not infrequently realized. Often, however, even the liberal margins of profits are wiped out altogether, through some unforeseen contingency, and the men who have invested heavily in an enterprise are financially ruined, losing not only their capital, but perhaps the years of labor which they have devoted to the founding of an industry. When the success is pronounced, and large profits are realized under favoring conditions, there are never wanting those who are ready to cry out upon the successful ones with charges of "extortion" and "robbery." The failures, which are scattered all along the industrial highway, "thick as leaves in Vallambrosa," are passed over lightly as being of no account, and the victims of loss and failure are accorded little consideration or pity. Only those who achieve conspicuous success are made the targets for the shafts of malignity, hate and envy.

Exceptionally high wages with intermittent employment furnish far less favorable conditions for men who live by labor than steady employment at a fair but not exorbitant rate of compensation. It is the steady, every-day employment, upon which a wage-earner may build plans for the future as well as for the present, that counts most of all in making the prosperity and happiness of those who earn their bread by the sweat of their faces. Strikes and boycotts and endless labor agitation, more than any other influence, militate against steady, every-day employment for workmen. The advances in wages which are sometimes secured by strikes are more than lost in the enormous cost of these conflicts; included in them, and notwithstanding the way of armament, that isn't wet. Poor old fibbergasted Democracy! you are surely in a direful condition—in a very devil of a shape, as to speak. In the name of heaven, won't somebody dig up a "isshee?"

It is a good deal of a waste of time to argue with a man who defends the insolent, un-American and wholly evil boycott system. The boycott carried out to its logical conclusion would mean ruin and starvation for the boycotted, therefore the man who can fling words with which to defend such a system, and nefarious practices in connection therewith, especially in that particular regard. And as for the strike—one asks the right of any man to quit his job whenever he likes, but when he assumes to dictate what shall take his place, or what wage shall be paid to his successor, he becomes a trespasser upon the domain of an almost, senseless fancy.

However, one would reasonably suppose that the men over whom the moral sense are not sufficiently developed to rule such barbarism out of society and custom the officers of the society for the protection of animals should be given the right of self-defense with this so unmanly and brutal sport.

A. E. G.

NEW REALTY COMPANY
HAS ENORMOUS CAPITAL.COMBINATION FORMED OF FOUR
BIG NEW YORK CONCERN.Starts Out With a Capitalization of
Sixty-six Million Dollars and Under-
writers Will Provide a Working Cap-
ital of Eleven Millions.

BY THE NEW ASSOCIATED PRESS.—A.M.I.

NEW YORK, Aug. 1.—In the official announcement of the formation of the United States Realty and Construction Company, with a capitalization of \$66,000,000, of which \$30,000,000 is preferred and \$36,000,000 is common stock, it is set forth that the good will and assets of the following companies are secured:

Gauge A. Fuller Company, capital, \$15,000,000; the New York Realty Corporation, capital \$3,000,000, and surplus \$2,000,000; the Alliance Realty Company, capital \$2,000,000, and surpl. \$1,000,000, together with the real estate holdings of the Central Realty, Bond and Trust Company.

The entire capital stock of the new company has been underwritten by a syndicate headed by the underwriters providing a working capital of \$11,000,000.

Following are the terms upon which stock in the constituent companies will be exchanged into that of the new combination:

For every 100 shares of Fuller preferred will be given 110 shares of preferred stock of the new company.

For every 100 shares of the new preferred, and 5 shares of the new common.

For every 100 shares of the new common, 45 shares of the new preferred.

For every 100 shares of the new common, 5 shares of the new preferred.

For every 100 shares of the new common, 125 shares of the new preferred stock and 110 shares of the new common.

The real estate holdings of the Central, Bond and Trust Company, which are held in trust for the shareholders, will be controlled by the majority of the stockholders.

Its purpose is to give the public undue favors for the corporations, which maintain it. This requires work which must be paid for. So far as possible, the company pays its workers from the treasury of the State. Every \$3000 salary to such men as Mackenzie is so much cash saved to the corporations. The State has a very large salaried force, and it is the duty of the majority to pay for any serious harm is inflicted on the general situation, though the operators will, of course, have to shoulder heavy loads.—United States Investor.

Japan is arming her army, cables the St. Petersburg correspondent of the Daily Mail, with a new rifle, and selling the old rifles to China.

Small Musical Instruments.

Every instrument we carry we know is better than you can buy any place else for the same price.

Banjos
Violins
Mandolins
Guitars

Being both wholesale and retail dealers enables us to do the small instrument business of Southern California.

Southern California
Music Co., 218-219 West Third Street,
Bradbury Building.

FRAMES ADJUSTED
BY AN EXPERT.

As in every department of optical work, our specialists are experts and specialists and experts.

We will adjust frames whether or not your spectacles were bought here.

Mashutz Optical Co., Inc.,

131 Spring Street, Los Angeles.

LOVING CUPS,
PRIZE CUPS
AND TROPHIES

For the tournament season we have made special efforts, and are now showing the most complete line of prize cups in the city—every size, many odd shapes.

STERLING SILVER
Buckhorn Trimmings and Plain.

NEWART COPPER
Silver Mounted.

ENGLISH PEWTER
and Enameled.

A miniature cup, sterling silver, mounted on ebony base, for Ping-Pong prizes—Price \$1.50.

Montgomery
Bros.,
JEWELERS AND
SILVER-MITHS.

THIRD AND SPRING STS., L.A.

WALL WAR OVER.

School Board Finally

Much-vexed Olive-tree
Objects not There.

At the special meeting of the Board of Education held Saturday afternoon the composition of the Free Schools to treat and retain between the Incorporated and the school lot for \$2000, was voted two votes, cast by Foley and Marion. Yesterday afternoon a special session was held to treat the objects over the wall, and it was voted that the wall be removed.

After the removal of the wall, the board voted to treat the objects over the wall, and it was voted that the wall be removed.

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SATURDAY, AUGUST 2, 1902.

many of whom have reputations of know-how which can be scandal to his administration alienated from him by the confidence of his friends and adherents. Within the Republican party there is strong opposition to Gov. Gage, and its interests are dependent of prior consideration from its members. It has not always had it easy. And the State should know throughout his term at the seat of State government in Sacramento or Santa Cruz, what Gov. Gage promises four years ago, and he has done.

The Republican party of California is in a serious situation. Gov. Gage and his supporters are trying to compel a nomination of the party is not calling and will not ratify at the polls in November. The party is threatened by the arrival of Mr. L. T. Argent and Gorham compelled nomination of Phelps and were easily defeated at the polls. There was a majority of the polls in favor of the American candidates, but it is the best men are put forward.

Afraid of an Inquiry.

John Ford has informed the Board of Prison Directors they have power to investigate charges made by the Calaveras miners. Warren in the San Joaquin Fringe. The last Saturday, however, and without indicating its determination to make such an investigation.

course is incomprehensible upon the supposition that the men are afraid that an inquiry into the various projects of the charges were made evident partisan purpose, but accompanied with so much enthusiasm that it gave a circulation that inaction in them amounts to a confession of their truthfulness.

An attack upon a State institution would be a blow upon the integrity of the wealth. It is not enough to say that the Governor made an investment and did not pay back the amount. According to the Governor was a beneficiary of his alleged crimes. We all know Aguirre is a personal and political enemy of the Governor and the investigation conducted in no opportunity was given for presentation of evidence against him. There was no open investigation either.

The case now stands, the head of the State prisons has been published of crimes that would land any man behind the bars. According to the Governor was a beneficiary of his alleged crimes. We all know Aguirre is a personal and political enemy of the Governor and the investigation conducted in

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There was no very appreciable time after arrival before they were all in the water. The more sedate waited for bathing suits, and because the others did not, there were various suits and dry articles of boys' and girls' apparel drying on the sands afterward, while their owners basked in the seclusion of porch corners and behind little-used buildings. The course gave enough time to see. There was a screen and various other attractions in progress near by, and some of them were inveigled into going thither for a short space. But with the greater playful, the more tame tank lay outside they did not stay very long, and were again back where they might roll and kick and tumble and splash with nose to moisten or make them amiable.

They ate their lunch in their bathing suits, and many little lives were endangered because there was no one there to tell them it was not good to go in bathing immediately after meals. They were to labor in order that the industry may not be clogged.

It sometimes happens, however, that the salt company's efforts of their exertions on capital of real prosperity, the latter is more economical to take a temporary loan than to wait for the man to establish

dangerous business. The salt company's string appears to be nature. The outcome will be a crushing blow to the mine workers because harm is inflicted on them, and of course, have to shoulder the blame. (United States Investor).

is rearming her army, cables to a correspondent of the *Times*, with a new rifle, and selling rifles to China.

All Musical Instruments.

Every instrument we

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Banjos

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AN EXPERT

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Hutz Optical Co.

125 S. Spring

VING CUPS,

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For the tournament season

we have made special ef-

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every size, many odd shapes

STERLING SILVER

Choker Trimmings and Plain.

NEWART COPPER

Silver Mounted.

ENGLISH PEWTER

and Brassware.

STOKE CUP,

STERLING SILVER

Mounts, Sterling silver, mounted.

NEWART COPPER

Silver Mounted.

ENGLISH PEWTER

and Brassware.

Montgomery

JEWELERS AND SILVERSMITHS.

THIRD AND SPRING STS., L.A.

SONORATOWN'S CHILDREN DOWN BY THE SEA.

"The man who says he never makes a mistake probably doesn't know one when he sees it."

COLLEGE SETTLEMENT LADIES ACTED AS CHAPERONES.

The Little Girls Were Very Demure and Asked Permission to Do Things—They Ventured into the Surf With Full "Tummies."

Yesterday, with a dozen of the College Settlement ladies as caretakers, more than a hundred children of Sonoratown spent the long, hot hours of the day by the sea at Redondo. The picnickers got away at 9 o'clock from the Jefferson-street station of the Redondo Railway, two special cars being donated the excursionists by L. T. Gage.

The outing has been planning for a long time, and yesterday the very biggest of the hopes of success was fully realized. The start appeared to be very easy, but the piloting of the scores of little ones through the streets of the town, over miles of unacquainted country, close to the ocean, and in the city was no very easy task.

Early morning hours for the management and all night for one of them were all that made it seem so simple. Most of the children were under 12 years of age, and the younger ones at that period when the budding mind sees the most, wants to know the most, and gets most tangled up on everything. Some of them with wide-eyed wonderment, asked for a first time, until the mysterious charm of the great sea. There were many others who had seen it perhaps once or twice before, and were very glad to remember their acquaintance with it. There were many times they could have seen it very many times, and they were at once the enigma and the admiration of all the rest; they could swim.

Some of the picnickers went down, and stayed in the guarding of their charges. It would be unfair to say that they were unruly, for they were angels compared to the average American child. They were very quiet and demure, and always asking if they please might do so and so, where the little Gringos female would have gone and asked pardon afterward, if she thought she had.

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THE CITY IN BRIEF.

NEWS AND BUSINESS.

Kern County Bankrupt.

S. H. Fairchild, a restaurant-keeper of Johannesburg, Kern county, yesterday filed a petition in bankruptcy in the United States District Court, setting forth his liabilities as \$6992.25, with no scheduled assets.

Cambio-American.

The monthly meeting and social of the Cambio-American Society will be held at Lincoln Hall, No. 1204 South Spring street, this evening. A literary and musical programme will be rendered, concluding with refreshments. All Welsh-Americans invited.

Doves a-plenty.

At least 500 Los Angeles sportsmen showed themselves yesterday on the first day of the open season. They were George A. Ralphs and A. E. Meesner. Going out in the afternoon Mr. Meesner shot the limit of fifty doves, while Mr. Meesner killed thirty-five.

Valuable Watch Stolen.

Antonio G. Slays reported to the detectives yesterday the loss of a gold watch which he values at \$150. He was at work on a house in process of construction at No. 1240 Maronella avenue, and left his watch in his vest. A man snatched it from him there and appropriated it.

Motor Cycle Club.

The Los Angeles Motor Cycle Club organized at its temporary quarters, room 5, Brent building, last night by John R. Martin, president, and Harvey W. Watson, secretary. The club proposes to have races and runs, and to assist in the promotion of the "good roads" movement. There were present two charter members present at this initial meeting.

Police Injured.

Patrolman Frank Abbott was painfully injured near Seventh and Julian streets last night. Several horses broke out of a corral and Abbott caught one. While leading the animal it suddenly jerked and dislocated his shoulder joint. At the Receiving Hospital it was necessary to put him under the influence of an anaesthetist before the shoulder could be forced back into position.

Fire in Lodging-house.

One hundred and fifteen children playing with matches and several tanks of gasoline was responsible for what threatened to be a serious fire in the laundry house owned by Mr. Vogel at 100, 2nd Street, North Broadway. An alarm was sent in from box 25 and the fire was extinguished before it had done great damage to the building, the cause being the burning of the cans of gasoline.

Alleged Boy Burglar.

John Sanger and Henry Wilson were arrested yesterday morning in East Los Angeles on a charge of burglary. Both are 16 years of age. It is alleged that they broke into the houses of Mrs. Brooks on Avenue 19 and stole a number of articles. When the arrest was made an envelope known to have been taken from the house was found in the pocket of the boy. The charges were dismissed as the loss having been made good by the boy's parents.

Arrested for Grand Larceny.

William Espinoza was arrested at 11:30 o'clock last night by Detectives Dixon and Smith after a chase in which he had been fired upon with their revolvers. A poolroom on North Los Angeles street, near the Plaza, Espinoza snatched a valuable gold watch from the pocket of a Japanese man, Mr. Matsuo. The Jap blew a police whistle and all the officers in that section responded. The stolen watch was found in Espinoza's sleeve.

Escaped to Oxnard.

In accordance with a letter received from Maj. A. Drumm, manager of the Oxnard beet-sugar factory, advising that the Chamber of Commerce make its proposed visit on or about August 20th, preparations are being made for the reception of the visitors. Those who desire to avail themselves of the opportunity of seeing the largest sugar factory in California in full operation, may send their names to the manager and be invited for the trip. Full particulars will be mailed later to those thus listed.

Pickpocket, Also.

The detectives have learned that Peter Wunder, the professional burglar, who was sentenced eight years in prison last summer, Tuesday, was also a professional pickpocket. One of the several watches found among his effects was the property of Thomas Dawson of No. 921 East Ninth street, whose gun was never found.

Several weeks ago, the felon was a wonder in more than name. Since his conviction it has been learned that he was giving more time to his career in this city, and that he was wanted in San Francisco for more than ten similar jobs.

Snagged a Cripple.

Henry Herring of No. 1521 Paloma street applied at the Receiving Hospital for treatment for four days. His wounds over and under the left eye. He said he had been attacked by J. S. Barker, who lives at the same address, and being crippled, he was unable to defend himself. A struggle between the two men was due to a family dispute, in which Herring says he was not interested. He declares he will never again go into a saloon, and against Barker on a charge of battery. Herring is so crippled with rheumatism that he cannot raise his hands to his head. He was most brutally beaten.

Roberts Near to Death.

Evan Roberts, who was stabbed by Edward Allard during a fight at the Van Hotel Thursday night, is still in a near death last night as man can be and still live. The operation at the California Hospital the night before by Dr. Morris and Dr. Johnson showed that the intestine had been cut in three places and the superior mesenteric artery cut. Last night Dr. Shurtliff stated that the doctor had only a slight chance for recovery. Allard, in jail, still asserts that he acted in self-defense. The investigation of the case by the police indicates that his claim of self-defense is well founded.

New Vernon Lodge.

A new lodge of the Fraternal Brotherhood, to be known as Vernon Lodge, No. 243, was instituted in Wayne Hall, No. 4412, Central avenue, Wednesday evening. Supreme President, C. C. Dandy. The officers chosen were Past President, F. L. Snell; President, W. E. Bronson; Vice-President, Miss A. Kubanek; Secretary, S. A. Wayne; Treasurer, W. F. White; Chaplain, John Herman; Physician, Dr. R. C. Schultz; Sergeant, E. L. Crocker; Mistress-at-Arms, Mrs. B. M. Snell; D. K. Mrs. S. P. Robbins; O. K. J. H. Hart. The new lodge will meet every Wednesday evening, and an invitation has been extended to Golden Eagle degree team to install the officers next Wednesday evening.

Woolsey's Lecture.

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FILE.

BY THE NEW
DR. R. C.
PRYCE.
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Francis L.
and George
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FILE.The purpose
of a
swap busi-

Prevent Baldness

And Cleanse the Scalp of Crusts, Scales and Dandruff by Shampoos

CUTICURA SAP

And light dressings with Cutica, prevent of emollients and greatest scalp care. This treatment at once stopping hair, removes crusts, scales, dandruff, soothes irritated, itching scalp, stimulates the hair follicles, sups the roots with energy and nourishes and makes the hair grow upon a sweet wholesome, healthy scalp when all else fails.

Millions of women use Cutica, the great skin cure, for preserving, rifying, and beautifying the skin, cleansing the scalp of crusts, scales, dandruff, and the stopping of falling hair, for softening, whitening and soothng, rough, and sore hands, for baby rash, itching, and chafing, in the form of oil for annoyng irritations and inflammations, or too frequent or offensive perspiration in the form of washes for ulcerative diseases, and for many other purposes which readily suggest themselves to women and mothers, and for all purposes of the toilet, bath, and nursery. Cutica Soap combines in one soap, the best skin and complexion soap, the best toilet, bath, and baby soap.

Dr. Schaffner made for me an upper plate, two crowns, and has done some filling, all of which was very skillful and good work.

Dr. WALTER E. KELLY.

I am with pleasure than I state that Dr. Schaffner filled my upper teeth filled by Dr. Schaffner.

filled and extracted the nerve and removed the decay of one of my teeth and put on a porcelain crown \$25.00.

which can be distinguished from a natural tooth, all of which was done without pain.

JULIUS R. RUH, H.

Of Davis Rush, Atty., 8 Hogan

Street, am glad to state that I had eight teeth filled and one extracted by Dr. Schaffner without any pain whatever.

MRS. L. H. FANNING,

Please low as \$2.00 per hour work as low as \$2.00 or pure gold or pure crowns as low as \$1.00, all as low as \$1.00.

Guaranteed. See specimens of our work, our entrance, 107 N. Spring, corner of Main and Spring, Institute SCHIEPFMAN & DANIAL Co., open evenings and Sunday forenoon.

Really good shoes for women used to cost \$5.00—but there's been progress in shoe making.

The Walk-Over factory is making eleven thousand pairs of shoes a day, any one of which equals in style, fit and serviceability the best shoe selling at \$5.00.

\$3.50

for the Walk-Over in Oxfords or high-cuts in patent calf or any good leather found in \$5.00 shoes.

Walk-Over Shoe Store.

F. P. WRIGHT, Prop.

111 So. Spring Street. Nedus Hotel Bldg.

SAN FRANCISCO STORE—BALDWIN ANNEX.

TODAY

Is the last of the great Moroney Sale of High Grade Wines and Liquors.

SOUTHERN CALIFORNIA WINE CO., 220 W. Fourth St. Telephone M. 222.

Pictures

Dainty fac-similes. Rugged Rembrandt Etching, Fine Line Engravings, the newest Copley Prints, Original Water Colors.

And Mouldings

To correctly frame the above in endless variety. Surprisingly reasonable. Price them at

SANBORN, VAIL & CO.,

287 South Broadway.

PICTURE FRAMERS.

Victoria Foot Powder—for nervous, hot, burning, itching, perspiring, feet-cooling, soothing, comforting—shake it in your shoes. 15c.

ROSOWELL & NOYES, Third and Broadway.

OCEAN PARK TROLLEY LINE.

Fourteen-mile Electric Line to the Sea Will Be Opened Today—Jonathas Club and Guests Will Make Initial Trip.

The shortest electric line to the sea will be opened today, when cars will be run over the new Los Angeles-Pacific Ocean Park line, fourteen miles in the distance, a saving of over two miles on the Sixteenth-street route.

The Jonathas Club and invited guests will have the pleasure of taking the first trip. The special cars will leave Spring street near Second at 2 o'clock sharp, and on reaching Ocean Park will be given a hearty welcome.

There will be a grand picnic, games, and other sports will be on the programme.

Details in securing certain sections of the right-of-way and in removing material from the beach, will be given the completion of this road, but in a few days the tracks will be in shape for regular service.

The Los Angeles-Pacific Railroad Company has secured forty-two new cars for its passenger service, and ten of these will be used on the Hollywood line, giving something like a fifteen-minute service.

The new Ocean Park line leaves the Sixteenth-street line at the western side of the old Nadeau vineyard, outside the city limits, and passes under the Southern Pacific's third rail line. It connects with the present Sherman-Clark tracks at the Ocean Park power-house.

MARRIAGE LICENSES.

Robert Robson, aged 32, a native of West Virginia, and Florence Stevens, aged 29, natives of California; residents of Los Angeles.

Donasian Guerrero, aged 26, and Luis Parada, aged 20, natives of Mexico, residents of Los Angeles.

Clyde A. Stevens, aged 27, native of Tennessee, and Lucy Parker, aged 21, native of Indiana; residents of Los Angeles.

Ben H. Mobley, aged 26, native of Georgia, and E. Stelle Hayes, aged 25, native of Illinois; residents of Los Angeles.

Albertine, beloved daughter of J. D. Sister of Joseph and Ida, Jewell, of California, aged 19 years and 10 months. Funeral services will be held at the First Congregational Church at 10 a.m. Saturday, Aug. 4, 1902.

Price \$3.50.

FOURTH—BROADWAY

Easy Shoes For Tender Feet

A clean nail in Odds and Ends.

BLAINEY'S

Low in prices, but high in quality.

Women's fan kid oxfords, square-toed, size 50c.

Men's lace-up oxfords, size 50c.

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BUSINESS SHEET.

City—Suburban.

XXIST YEAR.

THE LINEN STORE

Goodenow's

540 & 542 Spring St. through to 2nd St. corner

Each day brings us nearer moving.

Each day's bargains seem better than the previous day's. The nearer moving seems the greater our efforts grow. Greater becomes the excitement. There are no dull days at this store, for every woman in Los Angeles knows she can buy dry goods at moving prices. For Saturday we have an immense lot of desirable merchandise. There will be such demand for this we deem it fair to limit the sale to certain hours so that every one will have ample chance to benefit by the reduction. Below are items and the hours during which they will be sold.

Saturday Bargains—8 a.m. to 12 m.

Note carefully the time limit on these items.

9c**15c and 20c Neck Ribbons.**

BEAUTIFUL, FANCY neck ribbons in stripes, checks, and gauze effects, all sorts of colors. Every woman and young miss will want a few yards.

25c**75c to \$1.00 Sash Ribbons.**

These come in beautiful Persian designs, stripes, and gauze effects. Former prices have been 7c, 10c and 15c. Your pick of the whole lot during these hours at 25c.

23c**35c Aberdeen Suiting.**

This is a handsome linen suitting, makes up into very nobby and serviceable suits, quality is heavy and fine; a splendid 35c quality at 23c.

Saturday Bargains—8 p.m. to 10 p.m.

Note carefully the time limit on these items.

\$1.98**Chiffon Boas.**

These are the best and prettiest styles we have had at \$1.98, \$2.10, and \$4. Made with extra long accordion-pleated tie. You pick at 11.95.

59c**\$1.00 Chemise.**

A lady's green \$1 skirt chemise, well made, trimmed with fancy lace, neatly finished throughout.

69c**\$1.25 Door Panels.**

Many in the lot were formerly marked \$1.25. They are beautiful, fancy white net door panels made with a fancy Battenberg center design; your pick, 6c.

5c

No jeweled hairpins, gold finished, with spiral springs, very tasteful and pretty.

13c

6c and 12c pompadour side combs. Jeweled and plain, shell finish.



Los Angeles Daily Times

SATURDAY, AUGUST 2, 1902.

IN TWO PARTS.

Part II—6 Pages.

PRICE 3 CENTS

THOSE SHAKERS LET UP ON LOS ALAMOS.

Night of Slumber for the Weary People, and Trouble Deemed Over. Jolts Were Smashers.

[BY TELEPHONE TO THE TIMES]

LOS ALAMOS, Aug. 2, 2 a.m.—This morning the people of Los Alamos are sleeping, most of them in their homes. There has been not a tremor of the seismograph to disturb the quiet slumber of the night. The excitement has abated, the terror-stricken ones have all been calmed, and nobody seems worried. It is believed that all the seismic difficulties have been adjusted by Mother Nature and that there will be more earthquakes. The earthquake has moderated greatly and there is every reason to believe that things in this valley will now resume their usual course.

The telegraph wires were much affected by the quakes of yesterday, and it is impossible to get messages in or out by that means. The telephone service was not interrupted.

TAKING ANOTHER VIEW.

[BY THE NEW ASSOCIATED PRESS—P.M.] **SANTA BARBARA, Aug. 1.**—The people of the Los Alamos country are recovering from their fright, another victim of the earthquake situation is taken. Reports are coming in to the effect that the actual condition has been greatly exaggerated in many cases. This morning the San Joaquin Daily Breeze says that the president of the university had given the advice to desert the town, should aid in the restoration of confidence in the prospects of the college.

M. S. Cordero, a prominent rancher of the Los Alamos Valley, arrived here today. He states that the report of the fall of the brick wall which he had blocked his exit through the door; he turned to the window, but could not for a moment raise it. That delay was the cause of the great damage to the house. The report was denied by Dr. Bixby, who said that the president of the university had given the advice to desert the town, should aid in the restoration of confidence in the prospects of the college.

B. D. Greenlee, who lost a water tank and windmill in the shake-up, admits that the things were in poor condition, and that he was about to take them down, when the earthquake saved him the trouble.

The report sent out from San Francisco, and credited to a reputed dis-

pation that further earthquake unquestionably would occur.

QUAKE INCIDENTS.

[IN LOS ALAMOS YESTERDAY.] **LOS ALAMOS, Aug. 1.**—Although no more severe earthquake shocks have been experienced here since 7:30 o'clock last night, the people are still panic-stricken. Many of those who have not already fled from their homes are preparing to leave in case the seismic disturbances continue. The damage already done is variously estimated at \$10,000 to \$100,000. It would have been much greater had most of the buildings been built of wood. The few brick structures here were not of the most substantial kind and have been easily damaged.

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age. While it is true that the population is in a state of extreme anxiety, and that considerable damage has been done in various localities, it is the impression of the Associated Press correspondent that the reports from Los Alamos have been overdrawn. A great many chimneys have been taken down because of their weak construction, and great deal of damage actually done must unquestionably be attributed to inferior masonry, and the unfitness of various structures to withstand even the slightest earthquake.

Since the initial shock of Sunday last, which was reported to the vibrations have continued with unabated vigor and at close intervals, threatening many of the chimneys that have been hauled down. Window glass is shattered time to time, but the vibrations have diminished in force, and there is no panic here among the residents as yet.

The reaction of Hotel Arthur was felt in Wednesdays night, and the same vibration broke two windows in the hotel. A few miles north of the town two immense water tanks have been demolished, releasing 10,000 gallons of water, which escaped into a neighboring stream, and did little damage. Heavy landslides are reported from the mountains north of the town, with no damage done beyond the closing of one or two roads. Gangs of men are at once put to work clearing up the obstructions.

REPORTS OVERDRAWN.

DAMAGE NOT ENORMOUS.

[BY THE NEW ASSOCIATED PRESS—P.M.] **SAN FRANCISCO, Aug. 1.**—A trained Associated Press reporter, who was sent to Los Alamos, the scene of the earthquake disturbances, wires as follows from there:

"The report received from Los Alamos, San Luis Obispo and Santa Barbara counties, telling of the enormous damage done by the series of earthquakes, which

was reported activated from this place and other sections of Santa Barbara and San Luis Obispo counties, telling of the earth tremors which

has been known for years that gas was being generated beneath the earth's surface in the vicinity of Los Alamos. Prof. Silvan of Yale, and others, have been unable to find any evidence of the presence of hydrocarbons. This was substantiated lately by Dr. McMillan, a San Francisco mining engineer.

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For many years, says Conway, there has been a small, active volcano on the Los Alamos side of the mountain which rises between the towns of Santa Barbara and San Luis Obispo.

Barbara. Smoke and steam constantly issue from various fissures along the

NOT VOLCANIC.

THEORY OF CONWAY.

BY THE NEW ASSOCIATED PRESS—P.M.]

SAN FRANCISCO, Aug. 1.—John H. Conway, who was one of the first men to discover the mineral possibilities of the Los Alamos district, believes that the source of the gas is not volcanic, but occasioned by subsidence caused by the action of the subterranean gases and oil in which the region is known to abound.

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SATURDAY, AUGUST 2, 1902.

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Orange, San Bernardino and Riverside Counties.

NEWS REPORTS FROM TIMES CORRESPONDENTS.

OLD TUNNELS
BUG AT CAPISTRANO.WILL THEY REVEAL A TREASURE
OF HIDDEN GOLD?

Mysterious Underground Walls and Passages Doubtless Made by the Mission Padres in the Long Ago, but Nobody Knows What For.

SANTA ANA, Aug. 1.—Some of the most interesting relics of the days of the mission padres ever discovered in this section have been unearthed at Capistrano by Mr. F. S. McFadden in the course of excavations for a dwelling. A depth of two feet an arched layer of bricks was encountered which were found after further digging to rest upon two upright walls of bricks sixteen inches thick and about four feet apart. Digging still further laterally revealed three separate arched tunnels which extend down an unknown distance, as at the present depth, five feet, the bottom of the walls has not yet been reached. The bricks composing the structures are in a perfect state of preservation and exactly similar to those used in the walls of the mission, which stands above one of the openings of the old tunnels, which are now filled in with dirt, differ, but the general opinion is that they were repositories used by the mission fathers for storing supplies of food and mission furniture, and were possibly made to serve as hiding places in time of danger. There are rumors current of hidden treasures about the mission, and some think that the old passageways will reveal stores of gold.

PRECINCT CAUCUS.

Republicans of Santa Ana, Precinct No. 1, caucused last night and nominated these delegates to the county convention: T. J. Alexander, C. D. Ball, N. N. Brown, K. Cleaver, J. L. Dryer, C. H. Evans, W. F. Farnsworth, Mr. McFadden, F. W. Mansfield, C. M. Nichols, W. S. W. Sutton, and D. Waffie, E. A. White. Seven of the above will be elected at the primaries of August 5 to represent the precinct at the convention.

SAN ANA BREVITIES.

Concerning a game between the Los Angeles players, the local baseball team will not pay the colored Tribunes at Fiesta Park next Sunday. The local management refuses to meet the Tribunes in their revenue conditions, insisting that the Santa Ana team has already beaten them once in a fair game.

Rev. and Mrs. G. G. Wilson of New York are guests of their cousin, Mrs. Finley, of this city, for an indefinite stay.

Mrs. O. K. Forney of Newton, Kan., arrived today to be the guest of her cousin, H. J. Forney, of this city, for a short vacation.

Mr. and Mrs. William McKinley are spending a week at San Diego, accompanied by Miss C. McBiech.

Rev. J. H. Gaertner and family are returning from a four months' trip to the northern part of the State.

Misses Luella Finley and Mary Smart have returned from a week's stay at Newport Beach.

Diamond Davis of Garden Grove, died at the home of her parents Wednesday.

Clyton Norcross and T. Norcross of Los Angeles are visiting friends in this city.

Mr. and Mrs. Robert McFadden were in Pasadena with friends today.

Mr. and Mrs. Walter Stafford are visiting Santa Barbara friends.

Prof. and Mrs. H. H. Wallace have gone to Los Angeles to recuperate.

W. F. McClintock is in North Ontario for a few days' stay.

L. L. Shaw assumed his duties as postmaster today.

Mrs. H. P. McConnell is visiting relatives in Corona.

Valuable collection of pictures, securing the story of the greatest disaster of modern times, by sending 10 cents to the Times for the first part of "Martinique, St. Vincent and Danish West Indies," and other parts, to follow.

If you have anything to sell, to exchange, or want anything in the wide world, put a "Line" in The Times. Rate, 1 cent word each insertion; minimum charge, 15 cents.

REAL ESTATE TRANSFERS.

FRIDAY, Aug. 1, 1902.
J. M. Elliott to Thomas Hawerty, part block 2, block 3, Rock Island.

Mrs. Florence J. House to Alice Sturm Baker, lot 1, block 2, Hughes subdivision, \$500.

Steande Water Company and Broadway Bank and Trust Company, to E. S. Edwards, lot 2, block 4 and 5, block 40, Love tract, \$20,000.

Frederick H. Howard to George Ward Burton, 100 shares and stock held in the amended Charter, \$100.

Mary Smith and Sullivan Grant Smith to George Ingram, part lots 10 and 14, block 2, Los Angeles, \$10,000.

Title Insurance and Trust Company to Mary Smith, reconveyance of trust property.

Title Insurance and Trust Company to J. M. Elliott, reconveyance of trust property.

W. J. Moore and M. J. Mulligan and A. Smith, part of section 15, 1 & 2, \$25,500.

David A. McLean, Corp. of America to Frank Deversaux, C. Edward Jones and Mabel C Jones to Flores M. Donahue, lot 8, block 1, Love tract, \$10,000.

Minnie Till McFarland and R. McFarland to Charles Richardson, lot 19, block 2, Dowling subdivision, \$10,000.

Willard H. Duval to Hattie M. Duval, lots 4 and 7, block 2, Central Park tract, \$10.

Charles Hall and Josephine S. Hall to Fred F. Male, lot 21, block 18, C. V. Hall tract, \$10.

The Angeles-Pacific Boulevard and Development Company to John J. March and Mary Olive Marsh, part lot 1, block 65, Hollywood Ocean View tract, \$10,000.

Mary A. McManus to Charles R. Russel, lot 16, Long park section 11, 1 & 2, \$10,000.

Jacob Hedges and Elizabeth Boettler to E. E. Long and Dora A. Long, lots 5 and 6, Avery's tract, \$10.

Sarah E. Hayes to Arthur Grey Russell, remittance that she has paid to him, \$100.

W. J. Shrode and Frank Company to J. W. Shrode, reconveyance of property.

Robert C. Deversaux, C. Edward Jones and Mabel C Jones to Flores M. Donahue, lot 8, block 1, Love tract, \$10,000.

Minnie Till McFarland and R. McFarland to Charles Richardson, lot 19, block 2, Dowling subdivision, \$10,000.

Charles H. Crutchback to Angie R. Thompson, part lot 1, block 1, H. H. Thompson's subdivision, \$10.

John H. Bissell and Elizabeth Boettler to E. E. Long and Dora A. Long, lots 5 and 6, Avery's tract, \$10.

S. H. Watson and G. McMullin, lot 20, block 1, C. V. Hall tract, \$10.

Franklin Wynkoop, reconveyance of lot 10, block 1, C. V. Hall tract, \$10.

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Franklin Wynkoop, reconveyance of lot

